
 the wider world. High-quality design and technology education makes an essential contribution to the creativity, culture, wealth and well-being of the nation

Pre-National Curriculum (Generic skills)

| P4 | P5 | P6 | P7 | P8 | Early Years |
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| - With help, begin to assemble components provided for an activity. <br> - Contribute to activities by coactively grasping and moving simple tools. <br> - Explore options within a limited range of materials. | - Use a basic tool, with support. <br> - Demonstrate preferences for products, materials and ingredients. | - Recognise familiar products and explore the different parts they are made from. <br> - Watch others using a basic tool and copy the actions. <br> - Begin to offer responses to making activities. | - Operate familiar products, with support, and explore how they work. <br> - Use basic tools or equipment in simple processes, chosen in negotiation with the teacher. <br> - Begin to communicate preferences in designing and making. | - Explore familiar products and communicate views about them when prompted. <br> - With help, manipulate a range of basic tools in making activities. <br> - Begin to contribute to decisions about what to do and how. | - Manipulate materials to achieve a planned effect. <br> - Construct with purpose in mind, using a variety of resources. <br> - Select appropriate resources and adapt work where necessary. <br> - Select tools and techniques needed to shape, assemble and join materials. <br> - Create simple representations of events, people and objects. |

National Curriculum Requirements: Key Stage One
When designing and making, pupils should be taught to:
Design

- Design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria.
- Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology.

Make

- Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing].
- Select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics.

Evaluate Explore and evaluate a range of existing products.

- Evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria.

Technical knowledge

- Build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable,
- Explore and use mechanisms [for example, levers, sliders, wheels and axles], in their products.

Cooking and nutrition

- Use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes
- Understand where food comes from.

|  | Knowledge, Skills \& understanding breakdown |  |  | Breadth of Study |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Developing, planning \& communicating ideas | Working with tools, equipment, materials and components to make quality products | Evaluating processes and products | Food/Horticulture | Textiles | Mechanisms | Use of Materials/ Structures | Construction/ Mouldable Materials Materials |
| $\xrightarrow{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{ \pm}}$ | - Think of some ideas of their own. <br> - Explain what they want to do. <br> - Use pictures and words to plan. | - Explain what they are making. <br> - Explain and describe which tools they are they using. | - Describe how something works. <br> - Talk about their own work and things that other people have done. | - Cut food safely. <br> - Describe the texture of foods. <br> - Wash their hands and make sure that surfaces are clean. <br> - Think of interesting ways of decorating food they have made, e.g. cakes. | - Describe how different textiles feel. <br> - Make a product from textile by gluing. | - Make a product which moves. <br> - Cut materials using scissors. <br> - Describe the materials using different words. <br> - Say why they have chosen moving parts. | - Make a structure/model using different materials. <br> - Ensure their work is tidy. <br> - Make their model stronger if it needs to be. | - Talk with others about how they want to construct their product. <br> - Select appropriate resources and tools for their building projects. <br> - Make simple plans before making objects, e.g. drawings, arranging pieces of construction before building. |
| $\xrightarrow[\sim]{\text { N }}$ | - Think of ideas and plan what to do next. <br> - Choose the best tools and materials. Can they give a reason why these are best? <br> - Describe their design by using pictures, diagrams, models and words. | - Join things (materials/ components) together in different ways. | - Describe what went well with their work. <br> - Discuss about if they did it again, what they would want to improve. | - Describe the properties of the ingredients they are using. <br> - Explain what it means to be hygienic. <br> - Explain how they are hygienic in the kitchen. | - Measure textiles. <br> - Join textiles together to make something. <br> - Cut textiles. <br> - Explain why they chose a certain textile. | - Join materials together as part of a moving product. <br> - Add some kind of design to their product. | - Measure materials to use in a model or structure. <br> - Join material in different ways. <br> - Use joining, folding or rolling to make it stronger. | - Make sensible choices as to which material to use for their constructions. <br> - Develop own ideas from initial starting points. <br> - Incorporate some type of movement into models. <br> - Consider how to improve their construction. |

## National Curriculum Requirements: Key Stage Two

## When designing and making, pupils should be taught to:

Design
and

- Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design

Make

- Select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately

Select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities

## Evaluate

- Investigate and analyse a range of existing products
- Evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work
- Understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world


## Technical knowledge

- Apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures
- Understand and use mechanical systems in their products [for example, gears, pulleys, cams, levers and linkages]
- Understand and use electrical systems in their products [for example, series circuits incorporating switches, bulbs, buzzers and motors]
- Apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control their products.

Cooking and nutrition

- Understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet
- Prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques
- Understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed

|  | Knowledge, Skills \& understanding breakdown |  |  | Breadth of Study |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Developing, planning \& communicating ideas | Working with tools, equipment, materials and components to make quality products | Evaluating processes and products | Food/Horticulture | Textiles | Electrical and mechanical components | Stiff and flexible sheet materials | Mouldable Materials |
| $\begin{gathered} \stackrel{m}{\stackrel{1}{ \pm}} \\ \underset{\sim}{x} \end{gathered}$ | - Show that their design meets a range of requirements. <br> - Put together a step-by-step plan which shows the order and also what equipment and tools they need. <br> - Describe their design using an accurately labelled sketch and words. How realistic is their plan? | - Use equipment and tools accurately. | - Make changes which make an initial design better. | - Choose the right ingredients for a product. <br> - Use equipment safely. <br> - Make sure that their product looks attractive. <br> - Describe how their combined ingredients come together. <br> - Set out to grow plants such as cress and herbs from seed with the intention of using them for their food product. | - Join textiles of different types in different ways. <br> - Choose textiles both for their appearance and also qualities. | - Select the most appropriate tools and techniques to use for a given task. <br> - Make a product which uses both electrical and mechanical components. <br> - Use a simple circuit. <br> - Use a number of components. | - Use the most appropriate materials. <br> - Work accurately to make cuts and holes. <br> - Join materials. | - Select the most appropriate materials. <br> - Use a range of techniques to shape and mould. <br> - Use finishing techniques. |
| - | - Come up with at least one idea about how to create their product. <br> - Take account of the ideas of others when designing. <br> - Produce a plan and explain it to others. <br> - Suggest some improvements and say what was good and not so good about their original design. | - Predict if their finished product is going to be good quality. <br> - Produce something that will be liked by others. <br> - Show a good level of expertise when using a range of tools and equipment. | -Check if a design is successful. <br> - Begin to explain how to improve their original design. <br> - Evaluate their product, thinking of both appearance and the way it works. | - Ensure they complete work hygienically and safely. <br> - Think about how to present their product in an interesting way. | - Think what the user would want when choosing textiles. <br> - Think about how to make a product strong. <br> - Devise a template. <br> - Explain how to join things in a different way. | - Add things to their circuits. <br> - Alter a product after checking it. <br> - Try out new and different ideas. | - Measure carefully so as to make sure they have not made mistakes. <br> - Attempt to make a product strong. | - Take time to consider how they could have made their idea better. <br> - Work at their product even though their original idea might not have worked. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{n}{\stackrel{n}{0}} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\infty} \end{aligned}$ | - Come up with a range of ideas after they have collected information. <br> - Take a user's view into account when designing. <br> - Produce a detailed step-by-step plan. <br> - Suggest some alternative plans and say what the good points and drawbacks are about each. | - Explain why their finished product is going to be of good quality. <br> - Explain how their product will appeal to the audience. <br> - Use a range of tools and equipment expertly. | - Keep checking that their design is the best it can be. <br> - Check whether anything could be improved. <br> - Evaluate appearance and function against the original criteria. | - Describe what they do to be both hygienic and safe. <br> - Explain how they have presented their product to a good quality. | - Think what the user would want when choosing textiles. <br> - Explain how they have made their product attractive and strong. <br> - Make a prototype for a product before attempting the final version. <br> - Use a range of joining techniques. | - Incorporate a switch into their product. <br> - Refine their product after testing it. <br> - Incorporate hydraulics and pneumatics. | - Ensure measurements are accurate enough to ensure that everything is precise. <br> - Ensure their product is strong and fit for purpose. | - Refine and improve their product. <br> - Persevere through different stages of the making process. |


| $\stackrel{\circ}{\circ}$ | - Use a range of information to inform their design. <br> - Use market research to inform plans. <br> - Work within constraints. <br> - Follow and refine their plan if necessary. <br> - Justify their plan to someone else. <br> - Consider culture and society in their designs. | - Use tools and materials precisely. <br> - Change the way they are working if needed. | - Test and evaluate their final product and consider: <br> - Is it fit for purpose? <br> - What would improve it? <br> - Would different resources have improved their product? <br> Would they need more or different information to make it even better? | - Explain how their product should be stored with reasons. <br> - Set out to grow their own products with a view of making a salad, taking account of time required to grow different foods. | - Think about how their product could be sold. <br> - Give considered thought about what would improve their product even more. | - Use different kinds of circuits in their products. <br> - Think of ways in which adding a circuit would improve their product. | - Justify why they selected specific materials. <br> - Work within a budget. <br> - Ensure that their work is precise and accurate. <br> - Hide joints so as to improve the look of their product. | - Consider the use of the product when selecting materials. <br> - Ensure their product meets all design criteria. |
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## Post-National Curriculum Key Stage Two Requirements (Years 7, 8 and 9)

| Design and technology opportunities | Mastering practical skills | Designing, making, evaluating and improving | Taking inspiration from design throughout history |
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| Work in a number of fields including: <br> - Materials (including textiles) <br> - Horticulture <br> - Electricals and electronics <br> - Construction <br> - Mechanics <br> - Cooking <br> - Emerging areas of design and technology (such as food design, design for disability, and age-related design). | - Increase skills, knowledge and competence in using materials, machinery, technique and processes. <br> - Complete common practical, diagnostic, repair and maintenance tasks and multi-stage processes. <br> - Develop well-conceived and well-executed practical solutions. <br> - Select and use complex tools, equipment, machinery and techniques skilfully. <br> - Develop sophisticated practical skills and carry out diagnostic, repair and maintenance tasks in a range of contexts. <br> - Explore materials and technological developments, and experiment with using them. <br> - Understand the importance of nutrition, a balanced diet and about the characteristics of a broad range of ingredients in choosing and preparing food. <br> - Cook a repertoire of savoury meals and become confident in a range of cooking techniques. | - Plan, design, make and evaluate a range of quality products, in a variety of materials that are fit for purpose. <br> - Communicate ideas and designs skilfully and accurately in 2D and $3 D$, using a variety of techniques, including computing. | - Analyse the work of others, including iconic designs, to inform work. <br> - Use historical and contextual references to influence and improve work. <br> - Understand developments in design and technology and the responsibilities of designers, including environmental responsibilities. |

